Expression	Definition
FS.COMMAND	Qualifier. Operates on a file system command. The user can issue multiple commands on a file transfer portal. (For example, ls to list files or mkdir to create a directory). This expression returns the current action that the user is taking. Possible values: Neighbor, login, ls, get, put, rename, mkdir, rmdir, del, logout, any. Following is an example: `Add authorization policy pol1 "fs.command eq login && (fs.user eq administrator || fs.serverip eq 10.102.88.221 -netmask 255.255.255.252)" allow`
FS.USER	Returns the user who is logged on to the file system.
FS.SERVER	Returns the host name of the target server. In the following example, the string `win2k3-88-22` is the server name: `fs.server eq win2k3-88-221`
FS.SERVERIP	Returns the IP address of the target server.
FS.SERVICE	Returns a shared root directory on the file server. If a particular folder is exposed as shared, a user can directly log on to the specified first level folder. This first level folder is called a service. For example, in the path \\hostname\SERVICEX\ETC, SERVICEX is the service. As another example, if a user accesses the file \\hostname\service1\dir1\file1.doc, FS.SERVICE will return service1. Following is an example: `fs.service notcontains New`
FS.DOMAIN	Returns the domain name of the target server.
FS.PATH	Returns the complete path of the file being accessed. For example, if a user accesses the file \\hostname\service1\dir1\file1.doc, FS.PATH will return \service\dir1\file1.doc. Following is an example: `fs.path notcontains SSL`

Expression	Definition
`FS.FILE`	Returns the name of the file being accessed. For example, if a user accesses the file \\hostname\service1\dir1\file1.doc, `FS.FILE` will return file1.doc.
`FS.DIR`	Returns the directory being accessed. For example, if a user accesses the file \\hostname\service1\dir1\file1.doc, `FS.DIR` will return \service\dir1.
`FS.FILE.ACCESSTIME`	Returns the time at which the file was last accessed. This is one of several options that provide you with granular control over actions that the user performs. (See the following entries in this table.)
`FS.FILE.CREATETIME`	Returns the time at which the file was created.
`FS.FILE.MODIFYTIME`	Returns the time at which the file was edited.
`FS.FILE.WRITETIME`	Returns the time of the most recent change in the status of the file.
`FS.FILE.SIZE`	Returns the file size.
`FS.DIR.ACCESSTIME`	Returns the time at which the directory was last accessed.
`FS.DIR.CREATETIME`	Returns the time at which the directory was created.
`FS.DIR.MODIFYTIME`	Returns the time at which the directory was last modified.
`FS.DIR.WRITETIME`	Returns the time at which the directory status last changed.